## AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 25, 2012 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 25, 2012 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 17, 2012

### SENATE BILL

No. 1427

# **Introduced by Senator De León** (Coauthor: Senator Corbett)

February 24, 2012

An act to add Article 5 (commencing with Section 12230) to Chapter 4 of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code, relating to public contracts.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1427, as amended, De León. State contracts: electronic goods: bid preference for refurbished electronics.

Existing law requires a state agency to meet certain requirements with respect to purchasing recycled products, as specified. Existing law requires a local public entity, if fitness and quality are equal, to purchase recycled products instead of nonrecycled products whenever recycled products are available, as specified, and authorizes a local public entity to give preference to suppliers of recycled products.

The Target Area Contract Preference Act requires the state, when preparing a solicitation for a contract for goods or services in excess of \$100,000, to award a preference to a California-based company that meet specified requirements, and the act also limits the maximum preference for a bidder under that act and all laws to a cumulative 15% or \$100,000, as provided.

This bill would require a state agency that accepts bids or proposals for a contract for electronic goods to provide a preference of 5%, as

SB 1427 -2-

specified, to a company that offers to fulfill the contract *only* with refurbished electronics, as defined. *This bill would also specify that the maximum preference under this bill and all laws is a cumulative 15% or \$100,000, as provided.* 

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Article 5 (commencing with Section 12230) is added to Chapter 4 of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code, to read:

### Article 5. Refurbished Electronics Preference

- 12230. (a) For the purposes of this article, "refurbished electronics" means any electronic device that the manufacturer has tested and returned to a condition that meets factory specifications for the device, has repackaged, and has labeled as refurbished.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision law, any state agency that accepts bids or proposals for a contract for electronic goods shall provide a preference of 5 percent to a business bidder that offers to fulfill the *entire* contract *only* with refurbished electronics. The preference shall be provided as follows:
- (1) For solicitations to be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder meeting specifications, the preference shall be 5 percent of the bid price of the lowest responsible bidder meeting specifications.
- (2) For solicitations to be awarded to the highest scored bidder based on evaluation factors in addition to price, the preference shall be 5 percent of the total score of the highest scored bidder.
- (3) The preferences awarded pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) shall not be awarded to a noncompliant bidder and shall not be used to satisfy any applicable minimum requirements.
- (4) In order to be eligible for the 5-percent preference authorized pursuant to this section, a business bidder shall submit all required substantiating documentation and information needed by the state agency to determine if the business bidder is eligible for the preference.

\_3\_ SB 1427

- (5) Notwithstanding any other law, both of the following apply:
- (A) The maximum preference a bidder may be awarded pursuant to this article and any other provision of law shall be 15 percent.

1

2

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11

12

- (B) The combined cost of preferences granted pursuant to this article and any other provision of law shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
- (c) The Department of General Services shall establish a process to verify that a business bidder meets the criteria for the 5-percent preference established by this article.
- (d) This section shall not be construed to require a state agency to compromise its immediate mission or ability to function and carry out its existing responsibilities.